



**UNFPA SIERRA LEONE PRESENTATION**  
**1325 COLLOQUIUM HELD IN GENEVA**  
**15TH TO 16TH SEPTEMBER 2010**  
**BY**  
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**NPO-GENDER AND ADVOCACY**







**Issues that informed the development of SiLNAP**

There is consistent report on increase incidence of physical and sexual abuse, especially rape of women and girls and even babies



**The Process of developing the plan**

A consolidated and coordinated initiative spearheaded by women's organizations, Civil Society and Human rights' organizations, FBOs, traditional leaders with the leadership of the Government was intensified in 2008 to translate the principles and provisions of UNSCRs 1325 and 1820 into practice in Sierra Leone.

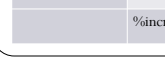

**5 Pillars of SiLNAP**

1. Prevention;
2. Protection of victims especially women and children;
3. Prosecution of perpetrators;
4. Participation of women;
5. Promoting Coordination of the implementation of planned programmes of the res., including monitoring and reporting

**Indicators of the plan**

Pillar	Indicators
Protection, empowerment of victims and vulnerable persons, especially women and girls	% increase in the no of cases reported to the law enforcement agencies
	Information management and information systems developed
	% increase in the no of victims receiving psychosocial support and treatment within a minimum time
	% no of victims receiving economic support including micro finance
	%increase in no of victims having access to legal aids

**Key opportunities for implementation of the plan**

- Availability of Gender Justice laws
- Political commitment demonstrated so far
- Gender budgetting tool being promoted by Ministry of Finance and Ministry of Social Welfare, Gender and Children's Affairs
- Vibrant National taskforce in existence
- Linkages to Africa countires
- Support from the UN, particularly UNFPA CO and HQ




### Major challenges

- Limited implementation and enforcement of the Gender Justice Acts, limiting protection and dispensation of justice
- Limited investment in the Family Support Units of the Sierra Leone Police and on social workers
- Limited medical facilities, e.g forensic services
- Translating political commitments into actions
- Capacities to fully fast track the coordination mechanisms of implementation and reporting



### Suggested Wayforward

- More consolidated support from the UN and other partners to the national machineries and communities is required to facilitate the timely implementation of the SiLNAP
- Additional technical and financial support is to be mobilised by UN and partners in support of the implementation and reporting of the plan
- Government to be engaged more vigorously on the need to ensure that protection of potential victims is ensured and justice is fairly dispensed in favour of the victims

